## MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

LE GRAND CASIMIR. The comedie vaudeville, "Le Grand Casimir," by Prevel and Saint Albin," with music of Lecocq, played last month by the same company at the Casino, was substituted for "Boccaccio" by Mr. Grau's management at Daly's Theatre last evening. The music is marely incidental, but is in Lecocq's bright vein. The play is largely a dialogue for Mme. Theo and
M. Mezieres, whose business was done
with extreme lightness, and by the latter especially with a dry drollery which caused continued ripples of laughter. M. M. Grivel and Duplan were also in the cast, but the parts afforded slight scope for their talent. The "Baby Mange," though in a part still smaller, wor a decided success. With all the French cleverness "Le Grand Casimir" is dull, and distinctly dragged upon the attention of the small audience present.

DRAMATIC NOTES.

Mr. H. M. Pitt's benefit will take place a tthe Blou Opera House to-night. He will play Claude Reil-ruth, Artist, in the new comedy, "Forgiven." On Monday night one of his companies appear at Haverly's Brooklyn, the other at the Arch Street Theatre, Philadelphia.

"The Amadan" promises to make a brilliant run to the close of Mr. Boucleault's engagement at the Star Theatre.

A GIFT TO THE NEW-YORK UNIVERSITY

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: I am happy to say that the first fruits of the answer to the appeal for enlarged endow-ment of the University of the City of New-York, to which THE TRIBUNE devoted some space yesterday morning, has come in a gift of \$5,000 from William A. Wheelock, Esq., one of the committee that drew up the appeal, to be applied at once to the purchase of apparatus in the chemical and philosophical departments.

A. Mr. Wheelock has given me permission to make his gift known, I should be glad if you would state the fact of this beginning having been made, in a news item or otherwise. Very truly yours,

New York, May 18.

THE PINTA NOT BUILT BY ROACH.

To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: The New-York Sun of to-day speaks on its editorial page of the condemning of the United States iron steamer Pinta, and says that it was built by John Roach & Sons, of Chester, Penn. I never saw the ship. I never did a dollar's worth of work on her. She was a tug-boat, built during the war, in 1863, by Roaney, Son & Archbold, and is now twenty years old. The San goes out of the way to misrepresent and injure me.

Chester, Penn., May 18, 1883.

John Roach.

## THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

WALLACE DEFEATED BY SCHAEFER - SEXTON SUC-CUMBS TO DION.

The game between Schaefer and Wallace in Tammany Hall yesterday afternoon attracted the largest afternoon attendance of the week. The latter had shown such fine play with Dion and Sexten that every one supposed he would at least give Schaefer a hard tight. But the wizard was too much for him, an on the moment Schaeter settled down to work the result was never in doubt. Wallace won the lead and chose the white bail. doubt. Wallace won the lead and close the white oath. He counted 4. Schaefer following with 3. In the next inning Wallace brought the oalls together in the upper right corner, and before he allowed them to get away be had counted 19. Schaefer made 3, slipping up through carclessuess on an easy draw. The third inning gave 4 to Wallace and 5 to Schaefer, and so each continued making reasonably good runs, but showing no really fine play until the thirty-sixth inning. Then Schae'er made a shot that elicited great applianse. The cue ball was close against the cushion in the lower left corner. The object balls were frozen in the centre of the table, and it seemed impossible that a count could be made. But Schaefer walked to the table and without apparently considering what he was going to do, began chaking his cue. But then drew the one ball with saich force to the centre of the lower cushion that it was drawn to the centre of the lower cushion that it was drawn to the centre of the right cushion, from which it bounded to the two balls in the centre of the table. As the scoore amounced "one" for Mr. Schaefer the applause was almost deafening. With two more counts Schaefer had the balls in the upper right corner. Here he taked off 43 almost as rapidly as the marker cound count. This run he followed in the next inning by 27, in the fortieth inning by 12, and in the forty-first by 32. It really seemed as if he had some magnetic power over the balls and could make them do whatever he picased. These runs placed Schaefer nearly 100 ahead of his youthful opponent, and every succeeding inting, though Wallace played one of the best games that has been played during the tournament, increased Schaefer's lead, in the fifty-eighth inning he again got the balls in his favorite corner, and he made 49. He followed in the saxty-second inning with 28, and in the sixty-second inning with 28, and in the sixty-second inning with 28 and in the sixty-second with 17, which gave him the game by a score of 500 to 325. Schaefer's average in this game is the highest that has ever been made at cushion caron billiards. The object balls were frozen in the centre of the table,

inning with 28, and in the call of the continued of the plane by a score of 500 to 325. Schaefer's average in this game is the highest that has ever been made at cushion carom billiards.

The following was the score:

thehefer 3, 3, 5, 3, 3, 7, 0, 1, 0, 3, 1, 6, 0, 3, 4, 5, 5, 28, 0, 1, 6, 0, 4, 19, 1, 0, 0, 21, 9, 0, 2, 3, 0, 17, 4, 46, 27, 2, 1, 12, 32, 1, 10, 3, 11, 2, 19, 7, 0, 6, 15, 23, 5, 0, 5, 2, 49, 1, 1, 2, 28, 0, 7, 0, 11, 17-50, Average, 731-57.

Wallace 4, 19, 4, 5, 2, 0, 3, 3, 1, 5, 9, 11, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 5, 23, 5, 0, 2, 0, 0, 24, 1, 3, 2, 0, 4, 0, 4, 2, 0, 5, 14, 5, 3, 2, 6, 7, 21, 5, 230, 1, 3, 7, 1, 8, 20, 11, 4, 1, 0, 1, 15, 0, 4, 1, 0, 3, 4, 4-255. Average, 401-60.

Time of game—Two hours, 15 minutes.

The evening game was between Dion and Sexton. An unusually large number of speciators were present Nearly every private box was occupied and throughout the game great interest was manifested. The bearing was 2 to 1 on 88x-ton. Dion won the lead and chose the white ball. He failed to score. Sexton counted 2. In the next inning Dion counted 5 and 88xton 4. In the fifth inning Dion made 15. Tots he followed in the next inning Dion continued to increase his lead until in the interent huning hexton failed to score. Dion continued to increase his lead until in the next inning hexton failed to score. Dion continued 17, all by open play. The inning showed 10 for Sexton and 15 for Dion, and though 8xxton continued to play a good uphill game he never reached his opponent. Dion won the contrary, was in very poor condition and was playing a strong game. Sexton, on the contrary, was in very poor condition. Dion counted to play a good uphill game he never reached his opponent. play a good upful game he here; reaching a strong game. Sexton, on the contrary, was in very poor condition. Dion continued to increase his lead, making many massé shots. In the eightleth imming the score stood Dion 399, Sexton 255 Still Sexton's friends were not discouraged. In the innelieth imming Dion found the balls in the lower right corner. They were so stinated that to count be had to either make a most difficult massé or a twice all around the lable caron. He chose the latter and counted. In the next imming Dion failed to count, but in the innerty-third inning Dion failed to count, but in the innerty-third inning ne found the balls in the upper right corner and taked off 5. This gave bim the game. He won by a score of 500 to 420.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 18 .- Bishop Josse Truesdell Peck, D. D., died yesterday at noon. He had been in feeble health for several months, and about two weeks ago he was attacked with pneumonia. Almost until the closing moments of his life his mind was un-

. Bishop Peck was born in Middleffeld, Otsego County, 6. Y., April 4, 1811. He was licensed to preach in 1829; two years after he joined the Methodist Churc'i. In taking this step he followed three elder brothers. 1832 he joined the Oneida Conference and continued in pastoral work until 1837. He was then elected principal of the high school afterwar I known as the Gonverneur Wesleyau Seminary. In 1841 he became principal of the Troy Conference Academy at Poultney, Vt. 1848 he was elected president of Dickinson College at Carlisle, Penn. Four years later he became paster of the Foundry Church at Washington, and in 1854 he was made secretary and elder of the Tract Society. In 1856 he became the paster of the Greene Street Church in this city, and two or three years later he was transferred to Califorms, where he remained for eight years as pastor of churches in San Francisco, Santa Clara and Sacramento, serving for a time also as president of the Board of Trustees of the University of the Pacific and as president of the California Bible Society. Returning to the East he was stationed at Peckskill, Albany and Syracuse, being sent to the latter city to aid in founding the Syra-cuse University. He held the office of president of the Board of Trustees of this university until 1872, when he was cleared below.

Bishop reck was a member of all the General Confer-ences held since 1844, and by Bishop Peck was a member of all the General Conferences held since 1844, and he was one of the best known bishops of his church. As a pulpit and platform speaker he was attractive and at times powerul. He was always unceasing in his labors, which were of practical advantage to his denomination. He was all his life interested in education and in the cause of missions. In the midst of other work he tound time to write several books, including the following: "The Central Idea of Christianity," "The True Women," "What Must I Do to be Saved I" and "The History of the Great Republic." I when the Syracuse University was founded Bishop Peck promised a subscription of \$25,000 to its funds, and a few days ago he told a friend that the day of his death would find this promise fulfilled. "I have an ambition," he said, "to die without anything, for I am going where I shall have infinite riches of a kind that will suit me better than any of these material things." Bishop Peck was married forty-seven years ago and his wife survives him.

## THE RIFLE TEAM SELECTED.

MEN WHO WILL SHOOT AT WIMBLEDON. COLONEL G. E. P. HOWARD ELECTED CAPTAIN-

SKETCHES OF THE MEN-PLANS FOR THE FUTURE. The Board of Directors of the National Rifle Association met last night, at the 7th Regiment Armory, to select the members of the American team who are to shoot this year in the International match at Wimbledon, England, General Grant, the president of the association, did not attend the meeting on account of the recent death of his mother. General George W. Wingate presided and among the directors present were General Charles F. Robbins, the Inspector of Rifle Practice; Colonel John Bodine, Colonel Rodney C. Wood, of Brooklyn; Colonel J. G. Story, George J. Seabury, Colonel J. H. Cowperthwait, Colonel George E. P. Howard. N. P. Stanton, Colonel John Ward, Colonel G. S. Schermerhorn and John H. Brown.

A sub-committee consisting of General Robbins and Colonels Bodine, Story, Howard and Litchfield had been appointed, and they selected the members of a team. The Board of Directors received the report of the sub-committee in executive session. It had been decided to choose sixteen marksmen, eight of whom were to receive the position according to their records as shown in the pre liminary shooting at Creedmoor this spring. The other eight were to be elected by the directors according to their opinion of their fitness without regard to the scores made by them. One of the requirements made for those who took part in the preliminary shooting was that they should bring credentials showing their connection with a recognized military organization. One of the marksmen Mr. Farrow, who occupied the third place in the record of the preliminary shooting at Creedmoor, was not chosen as a member of the team. The reason assigned for this action was that the proper creden tials had not been exhibited. He was not elected, among those who were chosen without regard to their record this spring, and it was said by some of the directors that he was left oft because it was desired to have the team as a whole as harmonious as possible in its workings. Sixteen marksmen were selected, and these will all be trained here and will be taken to England. The marksmen who take part in the International Match will be selected from this number, but the selection may not be made until just before the match.

The eight who were selected on the records made by them at Creedmoor this spring were S. I. Scott

by them at Creedmoor this spring were S. I. Scott, who made 541 points; M. W. Bull, 532; C. W. Hinman, 513; George Joiner, 510; Thomas J. Dolan, 510; Francis Stuart, 510; J. L. Paulding, 508; and A. B. Van Heusen, 504.

The eight who were selected without regard to record at the preliminary shooting were; Walter Scott, W. L. Cash, J. M. Pollard, John H. Brown, John Smith, F. J. Rabbeth, Colonel E. O. Shakespeare and Colonel G. E. P. Howard.

Colonel Howard was elected by the directors as captain of the team. He announced that practice would begin on Wednesday.

It was announced that about \$1,200 had been raised of the \$6,000 that will be necessary to take the team to England. General Grant sent word that he would assist the directors in obtaining subscriptions for the money that is still needed.

A TALK WITH COLONEL HOWARD.

A TALK WITH COLONEL HOWARD. Colonel Howard, the captain of the new team said to a TRIBUNE reporter who asked him concerning the plans fer the management of the team We will meet for our first practice at Creedmoor on Wednesday, and I think it will be necessary from that time on. We will sail for England on the Alaska on June 19, and will have some time fo practice there. The only fixed plan I have yet formed, outside of the usual methods of practice, is to have the members of the team shoot from the very beginning, if possible, in the same order as that which we will use in the match. I shall form them in squads and keep the same members of the team together, so that they will get familiar with each other's methods. You may be sure that we will do our best at Winbledon."

COLONEL BODINE'S OPINION.

COLONEL BODINE'S OPINION. Colonel Bodine, who had charge of the American team in the last match at Creedmoor, said that he regarded the team as a very strong one. If after practice there is an improvement of five points in each man's score, the scores made in the match will probably be such as to make the contest a hopeful one for the American team.

SKETCHES OF THE MARKSMEN.

Colonel George E. P. Howard, the captain of the

new team, was a member of the team that was defeated last September at Creedmoor. He was not one of those originally selected, but was chosen from the supplemental list to fill a vacancy in the team. He made the best record of the American Team at the 200 yards range. Colonel Howard was an Assistant United States District Attorney under General Woodford. He is Inspector of Rifle Practice of the First Brigade of New-Jersey, and is a resident of Newark. He is a young man, but has had considerable experience as a marksman. Great confidence was expressed in his executive ability by directors of the Rifle Association.

S. I. Scott has not participated in any of the great minitary matches. He is a physician, and lives in the District of Columbia. He is a private in the Washington National Rifles. He is about thirty-live years of age. He made the highest score at the preliminary shooting this spring.

M. W. Bull is also a new man in long-range military matches. He lives at Springfield, Mass., and belongs to the 2d Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers. He is employed in the Springfield Armory and is an expert in the invention and manufacture of rifles. His services as an expert have often been called for by the Government in the examination of fearers. vacancy in the team. He made the best record

called for by the Government in the examination of

cancer for the first state of the control of the co

George Johner lives to Brooking and is a hemoe-of the 23d Regiment. He became a member of the National Guard last fall, with the purpose of entering the recent competition. He is one of the best off-hand shots at Creedmoor, and has had much

this spring. He is a member of the 69th Regiment, of this city.

John L. Paulding is twenty-seven years of age. He was a member of last year's team, and has held the State unitary championship. He is a sergeant in the 12th Regiment. He has been a marksman for ten years and has been familiar with the rifle from hoyhood.

A.B. Van Heusen was a member of the reserve in the train of 1882, though he made the best three scores in the preliminary practice of that year. Like Dolan and Paulding, he is a sergeant in the 12th Regiment, and like them has had much experience in rifle-shooting. He has taken part in several of the interstate matches and has been a member of the New-York teams since its organization.

Walter Scott comes from Oneonta, N. Y. He is a heutenant in the 3d Separate Company of Infantry. This is his first year of long-range shooting at Creedmoor but he has made good progress.

W. L. Cash is also a new man in long-range shooting as Creedmoor. He belongs to the Washington National Rides.

J. M. Pollard was not among those originally

J. M. Pollard was not among those originally J. M. Pollard was not among those original, chosen as a member of the American team last year, but he subsequently became a member and made one of the best scores on the American side in the International match. He belongs, as do two other members of the team, to the Washington

other members of the team, to the National Ritles, Brown is a director in the National Rifle John H. Brown is a director in the National Kifle Association, and has taken much interest in rifle practice, though he has not heretofore taken part in National Guard matches. He became a member of the 7th Regiment with a design of competing for a place on the team. He is an inventor of firearias.

John Smith, of Company C, of the 9th New-Jersey Volunteers, made the highest score on the American side in the contest last year. He is an Englishman and has won many prizes in contests at Wimbledon, where he will take part against his former countrymen.

men.

F. J. Rabbeth is from Roxbury, Mass. He has not taken part in any previous National matches, but has been interested in rifle practice, and is a prominent member of the Boston Rifle Club.

E. O. Shakespeare is the eighth man on the present team who took part in the contest of last year. He was a licutenant-colonel on the staff of Major-General Hartrantt, of Pennsylvania. He is a physicien in Philadelphia.

The weather was favorable, and high scores were made by the marksmen. The following is a summary of the

Name.	200 yds.	yds.	yds.	800 yda.	yds.	1.000 yda	Aggt
	90	33	32	30	33	27	184
S. I. Scott	21	34	30	31	30	25	181
T. J. Dolan	91	30	31	28	32	28	180
W. M. Farrow	20	102	30	32	20	26	150
W. W. Bull	31	24	24	26	32	28	179
F. J. Rabbeth	9.0	32	33	30	32	21	177
J.H. Brown	31	3.4	26	26	29	27:	173
J. L. Paulding	31	28	29	29	20	25	171
	32	30	27	30	31	19	169
W. Scott	07	200	31	27	27	26	168
A. B. Van Heusen	544	01	28	27	27	25	163
W. L. Cush	911	98	92	19	21	27	166
T. W. Griffith	77.2	9.0	90	91	23	25	164
John Smith	21	33	31	23	23	21	162
G. Joiner	07	300	93	29	25	25	159
I. R. Donman	201	99	110	93	23	22	159
E. O. Shakespear	33	30	31	24	20	20	157
F. Stuart	93	91	31	23	16	23	155
B. S. Bumstead	80	9.3	23	26	21	20	153
F. A der	23	9/5	26	28	29	1.9	151
R. Winegar	100	334	28	14	29	16	150
H. S. Beilsmith	200	30	25	13	21	23	143
S. E. Irlam	97	24	20	6	17	14	103
W. B. Johnstone	EDTE:	ALC: UNK	-		-		-

## DESTRUCTIVE TORNADOES.

HEAVY DAMAGE IN NORTHERN TEXAS. GALVESTON, Tex., May 18 .- A dispatch to The News says: A tornado struck the west side of the city of Denison-a flourishing place in Northern Texas with a population of 5,000-at 10 a. m. yesterday. A small house, occupied by the family of James Burch, was blown to atoms and Miss Burch and a child were seriously injured. The Baptist Church was completely demolished. The brick residence of Andrews and McMurtry was blown down and Mrs. McMurtry and her mother were buried in the debris, but it is thought that they are not fatally injured. The colored schoolhouse was torn from its foundations and badly wrecked. Many houses were moved from their places, and fences and shade trees suffered. The tornado lasted only a minute, but the rain fell

At Mineral Wells there was a terrible wind storm. Dr. Rames's drug store was blown in; the tin roof was torn off Schultze's ice-cream store, and smaller buildings were more or less damaged. The wind was blowing a heavy gale from the south when a fierce storm came up from the north, and the two met with a fearful din.

At Hillsborough a heavy rain storm is ported. At Pilot Point what appeared to be a tornado passed over the city during a heavy storm, coming from the southwest with a great roaring, which lasted over ten minutes.

LOSS OF LIFE IN WISCONSIN. RACINE, Wis., May 18 .- A tornado struck this sity at 7:15 p. m., coming from the southwest, and touching lightly on the northwestern portion of the town, but doing fearful havoc in extreme northeast, where from thirty-five to forty houses were destroyed. The loss of life is variously estimated. Four persons are known to have been killed. Several others were mained and a number are missing. The track of the tornado as far as visible to the southwest, shows everything to have been levelled to the ground. The darkness and confusion prevent anything like trustworthy reports to night.

THREE PERSONS FATALLY INJURED. OMAHA, Neb., May 18.-A tornado swept through the eastern portion of the State last evening wrecking several houses and two school buildings at Valparaiso, and fatally injuring a woman and two children. The wires are down and details cannot be obtained. The tornado touched the southwest portion of Omaha, doing slight damage to several louses, but injuring no one.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS. Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours,

Washington, May 19-1 a, m.-A storm of considerable energy, moving in a northeasterly track, is central in the Lake Superior region. The pressure is highest in the Maritime Provinces of Canada. General rains have fallen in the Northwest and Upper Lake region. The prevailing winds are southerly. The temperature has remained nearly stationary in the South Atlantic and Gull States and risen in the other districts.

Attenute and Guil States and risen in the other districts.

Indications for to-day.

For New-England, fair weather, winds mostly southerly, stationary or lower pressure.

For the Middle Atlantic States, fair weather followed For the Middle Atlantic States, fair weather followed by local rains, variable winds mostly southerly, stationary or higher temperature, lower pressure.

For the Lower Lake region, partly cloudy weather and local rains, southerly winds, stationary or higher temperature, generally lower pressure.

For the Upper Lake region and Upper Mississipp! Valley, partly cloudy weather with local rains, tootherly veering to westerly winds, stationary or lower temperature, higher pressure.

For the Missouri Valler, colder partly cloudy weather local rains, winds mostly northwesterly, higher pressure.

Indications for lowarrow.

Indications for to-morrow.

all rains are indicated on Sunday in the Middle

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. HOURS: Morning. Night. Inch 12345678810 1212345678 01011 The margiam among the narometrical exercions in the city by seaths of inches. The perpendicular lines give divisions of time for the 24 hours preceding minimum. The irregister white the expresses the occinicalisas be the mercury during those hours. The nacken as desired line expresses the expressions as in the contraction of the inches for the contract of the expression as indicated by the thermometer at Madault's Discountry, 128 foresterns.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, May 19-1 a. m.-The changes in the barometer during the clear and fair weather of year terday were slight. The temperature ranged between nd 77°, the average (61%) being 10% higher than on the corresponding day last year and 10° higher than on Thursday. OB Thursday.
Clear or fair weather and slight changes in temperatures, possibly followed by increasing cloudiness and light rain, may be expected to-day in this city and visualization.

SEEKING TO BE REINSTATED.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE ENJOINED BY W. J. HUTCH

INSON-ISSUE JOINED IN HIS SUIT. William J. Hutchinson, who was expelled from the Stock Exchange for "obvious fraud" in June of last year, yesterday obtained from Justice Donohue, n the Supreme Court, Chambers, an order directing the ffleers and members of the Exchange to show cause why they should not be restrained from excluding him from the Exchange and from interfering with his rights and privileges as a member of the Exchange. The order which is returnable on May 25, is accompanied with temporary injunction order to continue during the pendency of the action. An undertaking in the sum of \$5,000 was given, with Thomas Murphy and Augustus C. Downing as Murphy and Augustus C. Downing a surerties. In his complaint, Mr. Hutchinson declare that he was illegally expelled from the Exchange because he was not given a fair trial on the charge of "ob vious fraud." He alleges that witnesses were examined by the Governing Committee when he was not present, and he had no opportunity to cross-examine them; that the vote to expel him was less than the required two-thirds because several members of the committee. present at other meetings were not present when the vote was taken. At the mosting at which he made his reply to the charges there were thirty-live members present, and he could not be legally expelled by a vote of less than two-turds of this number, while at the meeting at which he was expelled there were present thirty-one members and only twenty-one voted in favor of his expulsion. He declares that this action of the joverning Committee was taken" in bad faith and with full knowledge of its illegality and with mallole intent to injure him"; that the members of the commit-tee who voted for the resolution of expulsion acted from bias and caprice, and personal hostility to him, and their preconceived determination to compass his expulsion without regard to the evidence. He therefore demands judgment that the pretended expulsion be set aside and that he recover damages in the sum of \$100,000 and

The papers in the suit were not served on the officers of the Stock Exchange until after the close of business, but intimations until after the close of business, but intimations that Mr. Hutchinson had obtained an order permitting him on the floor of the Exchange reached them several hours before. One of the wild reports that was speedily in circulation was that the officers would oppose Mr. Hutchinson's admirsion, and had placed men at the doors to keep him out. Aft the officers of the Exchange isunked at the rumor, saying that the order of the Court would be obeyed scrippilously. 'We did not know until after the close of the Exchange,' one of them said, "what the order was, but Mr. Hutchinson would have been detained only long enough for us to ascertain that he had an order properly authenticated. If he had attempted to go on the floor to-day I am not certain about the kind of a welcome he would have received, because the members knew nothing of the character of the order. He was a neutenant-colonel on the stall of Major-General flattranit, of Pennsylvania. He is a physician in Philadelphia.

THE SHOOTING AT CREEDMOOR.

The last of the competitions for places on the American team were shot yesterday at Creedmoor.

The last of the competitions for places on the American team were shot yesterday at Creedmoor.

TESTIFYING ABOUT CENTRAL PACIFIC. THE PURCHASES OF MR. STEWART AND OTHERS-MR. HUNTINGTON'S "ASSOCIATES"-MR. CHOATE POINTS HIS THUMB AT MR. BANGS.

The trial of the suit brought in the Supreme Court by David Stewart against C. P. Huntington, Leland Stanford, Charles Crocker and Mark Hopkins to recover \$76,000, with interest since 1870, the amoun alleged to be due on certain transactions in Central Pacific Railway stock, was continued yesterday. Mr. Huuntington was called as a witness for the defendants. He said that prior to the purchase of the stock in question he had been for a long time bothered and worried by the plaintiff and others who held investments in Central Pacific stock in regard to the profits which they had hoped for and had not got. At last he could not stand it any longer, and told them that he would buy their stock if they wanted to sell it. After consultation with one another they decided to sell. The transaction was an absolute sale. After the sale these persons came to him and kept asking him for some money. They said that he and his associates had made a great deal of money out of Central Pacific, and they thought there should be a division with them of the gains. When this sort of thing had been going on for some time he told them that he had not bought any stock for which he had paid more than the plaintiff and his friends had received, but that if within the next six months he did buy stock at a higher rate he would allow the plaintiff and his friends this higher rate for the stock bought of them. As a matter of fact he had never paid more for any Central Pacific

stock than the price paid to the plaintiff. Mr. Huntington was cross-examined at length by Mr. Choate, who directed his efforts for some time to learn-ing from Mr. Huntington what he knew concerning the Contract and Finance Company, by which the Central Pacific Railway was built. Mr. Huntington did not know positively much about the company beyond the fact that it had existed. He did not remember exactly what his interest in the company had been, nor who clee had been interested in it. He supposed that ex-Governor Stanford, Charles Crocker and his former partner, Mark Hopkins, were the principal persons interested in the company, but he was not absolutely certain of this. He did not know where he got his information. He had heard it in a general way as people do such things. He got the information as much through the atmosphere as in any other way.

Mr. Choate-Have you ever been in politics and did you

belong to the Know Nothing party !

Mr. Huntington-I don't know. I may have been. Mr. Huntington said that as he bought Central Pacific stock he sent it on to California. He did not know exactly what happened to the stock there. He did not know what dividends he had received on the stock. His rmer pariner, Mark Hopkins, acted for him in Califor-He had left everything entirely to Mr. Hopkins He had to confess now, as he had often been obliged to confess, that he know very little about his affairs, which had been managed by Mr. Hopkins. He had left everything to Mr. Hopkins and had taken his statement fo everything.

The witness further said that the plaintiff, Mr. Aspinwall and others had not come to him, as he considered. to ask him to do something for them as persons asking or alms. He thought that at first they asked him to pay them more for their stock than they had received in a spirit of joking. They kept up this joking so long that at last they began to consider that they actually had a right to what they asked for. In order to put an end to their importunities he said he would lay the matter before his associates. He used the term "associates" in regard to Mr. Stan-ford, Mr Crocker and Mr. Hopkins, because that term was constantly used by the plaintiff and his friends. He did lay the matter before Mr. Stanford and the others, and they said they did not owe the plaintiff and his friends anything. Mr. Huntington said that these men were good men, and had formerly been interested in the harm to do something for them. Mr. Stanford told Mr. Huntington that he had no liming to do for these men, but if he Mr. Huntington owed them anything he would pay them. Mr. Huntington said he did not owe them anything, and let the matter drop.

Mr. Choate showed Mr. Huntington a letter in which the latter had spoken of his "associates," and asked him whom he meant Central Pacific Railway, and that perhaps it might do no

boin he meant.

Mr. Huntington-I guess I meant Mr. Stanford, Mr. beeker and Mr. Hopkins. frocker and Mr. Hopsins. Mr. thoate—Are you good at guessing t Mr. Huntington—I was born in Litchfield County.

After some further questions Mr. Huntington admitted After some further questions Mr. Huntington admitted that he had no doubt that by his "associates" he meant the persons named by him. He could not positively state how many shares of Contral Pacific stock he received when the affairs of the Contrart and F mance Company were wound up. He did not think he got 100,000 shares. To another question he said that he comit not p satively state that he had road the answer put in by him to the complaint. He had left that matter to his attorney, Mr. storrs, who was a good, dever man. Mr. Choate called Mr. Huntington's attention to a part of the answer, and Mr. Huntington said he thought that had been introduced into the answer by Mr. Storrs, The expression used did not exactly express what had been maxod. Mr. Choate pressed for information as to whether the part of the answer had been part in at the suggestion of Mr. Huntington or his attorney.

been mulact. Mr. Choole pressed for information as to whether the part of the answer had been put in at the suggestion of Mr. Huntington or his attornoy.

Mr. Bangs objected that Mr. Choate was pressing his question too far, and was trespassing upon the privilegid relations of counsel and client.

Mr. Choate pointed his thamb ever his right shoulder in the direction of Mr. Bangs, and asked: "Was it put into the answer at the suggestion of this cameel?" adding that in that case he would not press the question.

Mr. Bangs, with considerable show of spirit, declared that both Mr. Choate's question and gesture were offensive.

ve. Mr. Choate said he had not dared to point his thumb Mr. Choate said he had not dared to point his thumb over his other shoulder. [Mr. Conking was sitting behind Mr. Choate on the left.]

Mr. Choate questioned Mr. Hontington at length in regard to a telegram which he had sont to Mr. Stanford, advising him to settle a suit which had been began involving Central Pacific stock. Mr. Hontington said he did not even know positively that any sail had been begin, and he did not know the nature of the suit.

Mr. Choate—Then you advised settling any sail in regard to Central Pacific stock without regard to what the character of the suit was!

Mr. Hutchington.—I thought it better for the company to keep out of littigation.

The case will be continued on Monday.

RAILWAY INTERESTS.

A HEAVY PURCHASE BY MR. VANDERBILT. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 18 .- A heavy transaction in railway stock was made public here to-day. H. W. Oliver, acting in behalf of the Society of Economites, at Harmony, Beaver County, sold to William H. Vanderbit the interest of the society in the stock of the Pittsburg and Lake Eris Railroad. This interest amounted to 12,000 shares, which is more than the controlling interest. The price paid by Mr. Vanderbit is said to be \$175 a share, or \$2,100,000. The sale was made three days ago.

- A CUT IN PASSENGER RATES. PHILADELPHIA, May 18 .- Officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company say that the cut in pasnger rates by the Delaware, Luckawanna, and Western Rairoad Company will have little if any effect on through travel, although it may cause a coeffict among the road. running from New-York to Buffale. The Delaware, Lackswamna and Western is reported to have made a second class rate of \$6 between the points maned, which reduces the second class fate between New-York and Chicago to \$16, or \$1 less than the figures charged by the Pennsylvania and New-York Contrallines. It is said that the reduction will not disturb the trunk line pool.

SUBSIDIES FOR DOMINION ROADS. OTTAWA, May 18 .- In the House of Commons yesterday, on motion of Sir Charles Tupper, the Minister of Rallways, a subsidy was voted to the European Short Live Railway equal to \$3,200 a mile, from Canso, th terminus of the present rallway system, to Louisburg or Sydney, across Cape Breton. A still further subsidy was also voted for the International Railway, from Sherbrooke to the New-Brunswick boundary, of \$3,200 a mi for forty-nine miles. The construction of the European Short Line across Cape Breton will thus be secured by this deverage and aid, as the right of way and still further local aid will follow. The propect contemplates shortening the distance to Europe two days, by making an all-rail route through Nova Scotia and Newfoundian to St. Johns. Dr. Norvin Green, of the Western Union Telegraph, New-York, is the prosident of the company.

TRANSIT PROJECTS FOR BROOKLYN. The Long Island Railroad Company has prepared a map of the strip of land 60 feet wide, which

s proposed to take in a straight line from Flatbush and Atlantic aves., Brooklyn, to the end of the Bridge, for the extension of its road. On this it is proposed to build a trunk elevated railroad with four tracks, two for through trains on the Long Island Railroad, and the others for local rapid transit, and the use of them will be allowed to other companies at a fixed rate of compensation. The cost of the road and right of way is placed at \$1,000,000 a mile. The tracks of the road already in Atlantic-ave, are to be elevated to East New-York, a distance of five miles. The company says that it has not made any money on its rapid transit line at the rate of 15 tickets for \$1; the railroad company receives 3.2.5 cents, and the Atlantic Avenue Company, which carries the passengers from Flatbush-ave, to the ferries, receives 3.1.5 cents. The Long Island Company now proposes to increase the fare by selling only twelve tickets for \$1, so that it will receive 5 cents. It is preposed to run rapid transit trains from Brooklyn to Jamaica every half hour this summer. Ten new locomstives have been purchased. The widening of the tracks on the Manhattan Beach road has been completed, and

C. P. HUNTINGTON EXAMINED. trains will be run directly to the Beach from the Brooklyn depot and from flunter's Point in a few weeks. It is also plays." proposed to run trains from Hunter's Point to Bay Ridge.

The Rapid Transit Syndicate, which proposes to build in Adams-st., Myrtle-ave., Hudson-ave, and Fulton-st. to East New-York from the Bridge, has prepared an agree ment and it is being made ready for signing. It is be lieved that the road will pay by being in the principal business streets. Those interested in it say that the peo-ple of Brooklyn are favorable to the scheme as it is intended to treat all property owners fairly.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 18 .- A suit has just been begun by the Directors of the International Bridge Company and the Niagara Falls Suspension Bridge Company and the Magara rails Suspension bany to recover \$75,000 damages, because the defendant falled to furnish the plaintiffs nineteen free passes over all the roads that cross Suspension Bridge, under the contract entered into in 1853.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- J. T. Dillon, of New-York City made an argument before Judge Lawrence, First Con-troller of the Treasury, to-day, against the proposition that under the acts of Congress relating to Pacific Railroad Companies the earnings of the Northern Utah Railway Companies the earnings of the Northern Utan Railway Company for carrying the mails for the United States can be withheld by the Government to be applied on the principal or interest of the subsidy bonds issued by the United States to the Union Pacific or Central Pa-cific Railroad Companies. Mr. Dillon argued that the United States had no right to retain the earnings. St. Louis, May 18.—Charges of short billing Eastern

freight having been made and maintained against some of the Eastern pool lines, Commissioner Fink has ordered the Wabash and Indianapolis and St. Louis roads to re-port 15,000 tons each, and the Cheago and Alton 10,000 tons, which have been carried by these lines and not properly represented to the pool. PETERISBURG, Va., May 18.—A meeting of the Board of

Directors of the Norfolk and Westers Railroad Company was held in Philadelphia yesterday. George F. Tyler tendered his resignation as president of the company, but the board refused to accept it. Major Henry Finl tendered his resignation as vice-president and business tendered his resignation 25 vice-present. Major Sands manager, to take effect on June 30, next. Major Sands of Pennsylvania, was elected superintendent of the Not folk and Western and Shenandoah Valley Railroad Mr. McDonald, controller, and G. R. W. Armes, treasure

POLITCAL NEWS.

THE WARRING DEMOCRATIC FACTIONS. RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE COUNTY DEMOCRACY

-ARE THEY A DECLARATION OF WART'S There was a large attendance of the members of the County Committee of the County Democracy at the meeting last evening. Among those present were

Major George W. McLean, E. Elery Anderson, County Clerk Keenan, Nelson J. Waterbury, Police Justices Power, Murray, Ford and Herrman, Dock Commissioner Vaorhis, Aldermen De Lacy, Jachne, Duffy and O'Nell, Robert B. Roosevelt, Colonel John Tracy, H. S. Beattle, Captain Isalah Rynders, Civil Justice Norton and "Tim" Shea. John E. Develin called the meetseren resolutions, about which considerable had been said. They were the result of an informal conference of certain gentlemen, and graw out of the action of the late Legislature. He presented them for the action of the

The resolutions were then read. The first declares that "the Legislature, if failing to mature every measure which may have been expected, has passed many of great public utility." The second asserts that the limbility of the Republicans to find any good cause for attacking the State Administration is shown by their assailing the small increase of the tax levy rendered necessary by free canals. The third, fourth and fifth resolutions are the important ones. After regretting that "three of the Democratic Senators from this city have, by a coalition with their Republican colleagues, defeated temporarily the full accomplishment of the measures devised for the protection of immigrants from

defeated temporarily the full accomplishment of the measures devised for the protection of immigrants from extortion and abuse," they say:

The Emigration Commissionership is a State office, which may properly be filled by any competent citizen of the State, though its immorbed might be able to discluding the state, though the immorbed might be able to discluding the state, and the state of the state of local knowledge, which a person residing near the entigrant depot would be more likely to acquire; but there is no reason why an inhabitant of Browlen, which is virtually a part of New-York, should not be as eligible as a person living within the sixtuary limits of this efty; we regard within if Murtha, the nomine of the best proofs of fluress in his refusal to barier its patronage to obtain a confirmation, who has given one of the best proofs of fluress in his refusal to barier its patronage to obtain a confirmation, and we interly repurlible as unsound and demoralizing the claim of the leading Senator in preventing his confirmation that the office should be disposed of with a view to the effect upon the political control of the First Senate District of this city, instead of a regard for the public interest.

The failure of some of our senators to units with their associates in action vitally important to the public interest. The failure of some of our senators to units with their associates in action vitally important to the public interest, imposes upon the Democracy of this city the dury of heaceforth electing representatives who will not sub-ordunate the interests of the 'party or of the public to personal or factional consideration.

The attempts of bodies unborized to confirm or reject nominations to usurp the power of appointment, manifested in the demand now frequently made that they be allowed to dictate the nominations by which such such authority is given, and we regard it to be the duty of all such bodies to confirm or reject all nominations within a reasonable time after they are anale.

The last r

which the party carrying the State on a popular vote will also have a majority of the Congressional districts. noted the Governor for his course He had acted, he said, for the best interests of the entire people of the State. With reference to the transactions. it Albany, he would say that the resolutions had been framed after consultation with many of ithe inembers of framed after consultation with many of the members of the organization. He believed they presented the situation in a trainful manner. The only reason he could assign for the action of the Senators who "bung up" the Governor's nominations was trust they wished to retain the present incumbents in office for the sake of the moluments and gains of those offices. These three Democratic Senators in 1882 combined with the Resubbleant's keep the latter in power. They had repeated the same thing in 1883. He denomined that is as a violation of the trusts reposed in them by Democratic constituencies. It faminany Hall chose to take offence at this and make an issue, it rested with the County Democraty to say how far it should be considered a declaration of war. He commended the resolutions in this portion as a strongly favored their adoption. At the election next fall they should vote, Mr. Anderson said, for no candidate for the Senate or Assembly who is not in accord with the Democratic party in the State. If this was taken as a declaration of war by Tammany Hall, wis let it come. (Applause,!

Ellis B. Schnabel delivered a vigorous speech in which he denounced the Tammany members of the Board of Aldermen for failing to confirm the Mayor's nominees.

Ex-Alderman Robert B. Roossweit defended the Aldermen in part. He thought that in "the coming byeand-bye" the power of confirmation might be taken from the Alderman. When this was done he was not so certain that the people would be any better off. He questioned the wisdom of placing the ansolute power of appointment in the hands of any one man. He would rather fight Republicans than - Democratic principles, they were called on to sacrides Democratic principles, they were called on to sacrides Democratic principles, they were called on the sacrides Democrat the organization. He believed they presented the situa-

KENTUCKY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. 3 LOUISVILLE, May 18 .- At last night's session of the Democratic State Convention, after a number of ballots had been taken, Captain James R. Himaman, late of the Federal Army, was nominated for Lieutenant; Governor, over Captain Allen, a late Confederate soldier The convention this morning renominated by acclume the treatment incumbents—General Fayotte Hewit Auditor, and James W. Fate, Treasurer. J. Deatha Full L. Superatendent of Public Institutions, was renominated on the first ballot.

THE WILL OF LOUIS C. HAMERSLEY.

The will of the late Louis C. Hamersley was filed resterday for probate. The testator devises all his estate, real and personal, to his executors and executrix in trust, to receive the rents and profits, and to pay over the same to his wife, and upon her death to deliver over the principal to his issue per stirpes. In the event that none of his issue survive his wife, he directs that the estate at her death shall go to such of the issue of his cousin, J. Hooker Hamersley, as shall be then living, and the male issue of such of them as shall have dien, the latter to take the shares to which their parents would have been entitled. In the event of the death of J. Hooker Hamersley without male issue surviving, then the estate is to go to such charitable and be nevelent institutions in the State of New-York, in such shares and proportions as the testator's wife shall by last will appoint. The testator's wife is appointed executrix and George G. Wilmans and Jacob R. Lockman are appointed executors. The will bears date February 10, 1883, and was signed by Mortimer Bishop and C harles F. Silveater as witnesses.

Citations were issued yesterday for the probase of the will and were made returnable on July 18. The testator's estate is valued at more than \$6.000.000.000 and it is reported that the probate of estate, real and personal, to his executors and execu-

of the will and were made returnable on July 18. The testator's estate is valued at more than \$8 000,000, and it is reported that the probate of the will is to be contested. The counsel for the proponents say that they have no knowledge that any one intends to contest the will. IRISH SOCIETIES INCORPORATED.

The articles of incorporation of the Convention of Irish Societies of the City and County of New York were flied yesterday. The corporators are Patrick Walsh, Michael Flynn, Thomas Maguire and E. L. Curry. The object of the organisation is to "revive, preserve and encourage patriotic remembrances for public man

LYDIA PINKHAM DEAD. Boston, May 18 .- Lydia Pinkham, the patent medicine proprietor, died at Lynn last night, at the age of sixty-four years.

While waiting for a cough "to go as it came," you are often sowing the seeds of consumption. Better try at once Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a sure cure

To the Public. To the Public.

OFFICE MANHATTAN LIPE INSURANCE CO.,
156 AND 158 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, May 13, 1883.
An erroneous statement having obtained currency through saveral newspapers calculated to mislead the public and especially to disturb the confidence of the policy-holders of this Company, I desire to state that this institution was never in a more sound and prosperous condition than at present, and that no indictments were ever issued against its officers or management.

management.
The erroneous statement alluded to was doubtless intended for the Manhattan First Insurance Co., which company I The erroneous statement animous to which company I for the Manhattan Fire Insurance Co., which company I am informed through the press is in the hands of a receiver, and its president under indictment for making faise reports to the Superintendent of the Insurance Department.

HENEY STOKES, President, Colgate & Co.'s Violet Toilst Water, For the handkerchief and bath.

Coignte & Co.'s Cashmere Bouquet Tollet Sonp.—The novelty and exceptional strength of its perfume are the pecul-tar fascinations of this luxurious article.

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CROWN COLLARS and CUFFS and MONARCH SHIRTS.
Sold by leading dealers.

Bird Manna keeps Canaries in constant song, and cured liseases. 15 cents, at druggists.

MARRIED. UNDERHILL-TALLCOT-on fifth day, fifth month, 17th, at the residence of the bride's mother, Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y., by Friends' ceremony, Howard L. Underhili to M. 1da Talicot.

All notices of marriages must be indorsed with full

ELMENDORF-At Cranford, N. J., May 17, suddenly, of paralysis, Frances C. L., wife of John A. Elmendorf. Funeral services at residence, 120'clock Saturday. Train leaves New York at 10:30. Interment at Greenwood.

GRANT-At Enfield, Conn., on Friday, May 18, Fairfax, only child of Alice M. and Thompson S. Grant, in the 9th year

child of Alice M. and Thompson S. Grans, in School of his 2gc.

HENNEN—On May 17, William Davison Hennen.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, No. 427 West 73d-st., on Saturday, May 19, at 2 p. m.

son of George G. and Frances E. Lake, in the 19th year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
FELTZ—At Coewmans, N. Y., Wednesder, May 18, Sarah, only daughter of the Rey. Pullip and Mary De Witt Peltz, in the 30th year of her age.
SUTHERIAND—Suddenly, in White Plains, May 16, 1883, Edmund G. Sutherland, Editor of The Eastern State Journal, in his 69th year.
Funeral from his late residence on Saturday afternoon, May 19, at 30-clock.
Please ount flowers.
SMITH—At Harlem Friday, May 18, Mrs. Alice Smith, late

Please omit flowers.

SMITH—At Harlem, Friday, May 18, Mrs. Alice Smith, late of Hyne, Cheslure, England, aged 74 years,
Funeral services at the house of her son, James F. Smith, 131 East 125d-st., on Sunday, May 20, at noon.

STONE—At Pan, France, April 4, 1883, Margaretta Carli, wife of George F. Stone, and daughter jot the late Hanson K. Corning.
Funeral services will be held at 87 Park-ave., on Monday, May 21, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is requested that no flowers be sent.

ZABRISKIE—At Keene, N. H., May 16, 1883, Charles A.,
Zshriskie, son of the late Albert C. Zabriskie.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Scotch Presbyterian Charle, 14th-st., near 6th-ave., on Saturday, the 19th lust., at 10:300 clock a. m.

Special Notices.

A Most Interesting Exhibition AT THE AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

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LATE ISSUES.

1653 A Sea Queen. W Clark Russell.

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1647 The Wild Warrington. Arnold Gray.

1627 The Wild Warrington. By W. E. North. 1026 No New Thing. By W. E. Norris
1000 Mattimory. By Author of No New Thing.
1055 Wands, Countess von Szairas. By Opida.
1024 Pathers and Children. I van Turgenod.
1011 Mar is White Windt. G. Douglas.
1015 The Story of Melicent. Fahr Madoc.
1008 Bestfor Har. Anne Flomas.
1007 Renveguts. Etoma Marshall.
1007 Letzhop. Court. Henry Etomaley. 1007 Beniveauta, Enima massimple (1006 Leighton Court, Hienry Kingsley, 1660 The Fair Littos, Pierce Egon, Fart HI, 1602 Margacrite de Valos, Alexandre Dumas, 165 Count of Monte Cristo, Alexandre Dum S46 Dora Thorne, Bertha M, Clay, 1595 The Admiral's Wattl. Mrs. Alexander.

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The NUMISMATH COLLECTION of O. H. BERG, of
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Ing his Medical of Miscellaneous LIBRALY, FURNITURE, RICALBRAC, POTTERY and handsomely framed
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Avoid ruide, hash waters, "native antioreter," save salers are positive irritants and impair the digestive organs

For the Summer.—A gentionen and wife (Americana) without children, desire to take charge of the house of a facilities will spen the summer out of town, will give nest of references as to undoubted respectability and requisite carefulness, at we rade at a once if desired. Please address M.A.N. HATTAN, Tribune Office.

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ROSSMAN & McKINSTRY, Hudson, N.Y., Proprietors,
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Foreign mails for the week ending May 19 will close at this

office as follows

SATURDAY—At 11 a. m. for Germany, &c., per Sa, fonan, via southampton and Bremen tietters for Great Britain and other European countries must be directed "per 100nau";; at 12 m. for southand direct, per Sa, Ceitte, via Guesnow miletters for Scotland direct, per Sa. Ceitte, via Queenstown detters for Scotland milet be directed "per Ceitor", at 1:30 p.m. for Bermula, per Sa, Camma: at 1:30 p. m. for Cuba and Porto Rico, per Sa, Nauton; via flavana, at d p. m. for Bermula, per Sa, Saratoga, via flavana, at d p. m. for Bermula direct, per Sa, Nauterland, via Autworp, at 1 a. m. for the Whidward Islands, per Sa, Freja.

Freja Mails for China and Japan, per Sa. City of Tokto, via San Francisco, close here alay "24, at 7p, m. Mails for Australia. New-Zealand, Sandwich and Fiji Islands, per Sa. City of New York, via San Francisco, close here May "24, at 7p, m. HENRY U. PEARSON, Postanaster. Post Odice, New York, N. Y., May 11, 1883.

"The schedule of closing of transpacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on finite at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day."